

THE DAILY LOUISVILLE TIMES.

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VOL V.

DAILY LOUISVILLE TIMES

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LOUISVILLE TIMES.

Louisville: JOHN O. BULLOCK & JOHN C. NOBLE, Editors

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES BUCHANAN,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
OF KENTUCKY.

Electoral Ticket:

For the State at large—HON. ELIJAH HISE, and

First District—COL. D. GHOLSON, Second District—JOHN P. DEVEREUX.

Third District—JOHN A. FINN.

Fourth District—TIMELON CHAVENS.

Fifth District—BERIAH MAGOFFIN.

Sixth District—B. F. RICE.

Seventh District—WM. D. REED.

Eighth District—R. W. WOOLLEY.

Ninth District—R. H. STANTON.

Tenth District—BIRAN KELSEY.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18, 1856.

Democratic Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the DEMOCRATIC PARTY on Wednesday evening next, at the room on the south-east corner of Fifth and Jefferson streets, (entrance on Fifth), for the purpose of attending to IMPORTANT BUSINESS. Let there be a full attendance.

By the close of the present week the Presidential canvass for 1856 will have been fully made up. The Black Republican Convention, now in session at Philadelphia, is the last that is to meet this year, and by far the most important that has met, with the exception of the National Democratic Convention.

When compared with it the Know-Nothing Convention, which met at Philadelphia in February and put in nomination Mr. Fillmore for the Presidency, and the Know-Nothing Convention which met in New York last week and presented two candidates for the Presidency, N. P. Banks and Commodore Stockton, will but a very sorry figure in the approaching Presidential conflict.

We have very little doubt but that, if ordinary prudence and tact is exercised by the Black Republican Convention, it will be able to absorb and concentrate upon the candidate it may nominate all the elements of opposition to the Democratic party, with the exception of the small segment of the Know-Nothing party in the Southern States who can only sit idly by throwing away their votes upon Mr. Fillmore.

This Black Republican Convention has been called together upon the only basis by which any formidable opposition to the Democratic party can be organized. The slavery question is the only living and vital issue in the pending canvass, and the ardent and astute leaders of the Black Republican party have availed themselves of all the advantage of this condition of things by excluding all extraneous issues and embracing within their call for a Convention all who are opposed to the policy of the Democratic party—that is, all who are opposed to the principles of the Kansas-Nebraska bill.

This basis for the organization of the anti-Democratic party of the Union is comprehensive enough to include all who are not now regularly enrolled under the Democratic banner. Hatred of the Democratic party, and its concomitant, hostility to the Kansas-Nebraska bill, is the foundation-stone of every political organization that now exists in antagonism to the American Democracy and its candidates. Southern Know-Nothings and their Northern anti-slavery brethren, abolitionists from Massachusetts and their Kentucky sympathizers can all meet in this Philadelphia Black Republican Convention without any sacrifice of principle or consistency.

Upon which one of the various candidates who have been presented by these various branches of the great abolition family the *fusion* will be made, it is useless to predict. Before this article would reach the mass of our readers, it is probable that the Convention may have brought its deliberations to a close, and indicated the man. It can, however, be predicted with very great certainty that one of them, Mr. Fillmore, will have the slightest chance. Notwithstanding the desperate exertions which have been made, a few are now being made by the Southern Know-Nothings to secure for Mr. Fillmore the endorsement of the abolitionists, he will be most unmercifully kicked out of the Convention.

The selection of Fillmore delegates from the city of Philadelphia, (as announced by telegraph) and the pledge of the Louisville Journal, the Southern abolition organ, that "no injustice shall be done them," will avail nothing with the rampant anti-slaveryites who will control the Philadelphia Convention. The non-committal policy, upon which Mr. Fillmore has staked himself, might have suited abolitionism as it existed four years ago; but with a majority in the lower House of Congress, and numbering among their leaders nearly all the ablest and most respectable of the opposition, they have no intention of being absorbed by the insignificant faction of which Mr. Fillmore is the representative.

It cannot, and ought not to be concealed, that a union of the abolition factions of the country may throw some uncertainty over the issue of the pending struggle. It may be that they are stronger in the Free States than has been anticipated; but still, with the certainty of carrying such stanch Democratic States as Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Indiana, the election of Mr. Buchanan may be very safely relied upon, provided that the South shall come up as a unit and cast its vote for him. This we firmly believe will be the case.

The Hon. Henry Potter, U. S. District Judge for North Carolina, is ninety years old. He was a cotemporary of chief Justice Marshall.

Gov. Chase has appointed Ozias Bowen, of Marion, Judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio, in place of Judge Converse, resigned. This appointment had been previously tendered to Judge Jefferson, of Cincinnati, who declined the honor.

Mr. Marcello, the late minister of the Nicaraguan Government to the United States, is about starting for Europe.

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At the great exhibition meeting held in Independence Square, Philadelphia, the following deposit from David D. Brewster was made:

The Fillmorites are making all the concessions in their power to secure the abolition vote. But the Know-Nothing party has so utterly faithless to all its promises that not even the Abolitionists will trust them. The Journal tells them in most enterprising tones that in the event of Mr. Fillmore's election they will have an assurance that no injustice will be done them. And the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, Mr. Fillmore's home organ, says:

He is almost fairly in the lead. The Fillmorites are the ablest and most powerful of the great moneyed interests of the country, and front in Wall street, New York, State street, Boston, and Chestnut street, Philadelphia. This is the first time, when there had existed almost entire unanimity on the part of those last mentioned interests in favor of Democratic party nominations.

We understand that Col. Thomas L. Jones, N. S. elector for the Tenth District, will resign his position, and support Buchanan and Breckinridge.

Col. Jones was a member of the National Council that met in New York early in this month, but the Col. left in disgust when the proposition was openly made to sell out to the Black Republic.

The race over the Fashion course, New York, commenced yesterday. To-day the great four mile race, for a prize of \$1,200, will be run. The Southern champions, Pryor and Leompte, Philo, and perhaps others are expected to contend for the purse. Prior and Philo are the

The Democracy of Oldham held an enthusiastic ratification meeting in Lagrange on Monday the 16th inst. The Methodist Church was crowded to overflowing. Col. Wilson, of Floydburg, was invited to the chair, and after calling the house to order, introduced His Excellency Gov. Wright, of Indiana, who made one of his most powerful and effective speeches, advocating the same doctrines on the slavery and other questions that he is accustomed to urge before the people of his own State. His speech was received with marked applause.

Judge Lovering, of Jeffersonville, Ind., was next introduced. His speech was short, cogent and to the point. The true character and meaning of Know-Nothingism were clearly and forcibly portrayed. When he concluded, Mr. De Haven, a promising young lawyer of Lagrange, was called to the stand and made his first effort in the way of a political address. He hails from the old Whig party, one of those old liners who could not be induced to "follow the multitude to do evil," when the general stampede to the Know-Nothing took place. Mr. De Haven is an exceedingly clever speaker, and acquired himself on this occasion with the highest credit. He is for the war, shoulder to shoulder with the Democracy, and will do gallant service in the cause between this and November. The unanimous applause which greeted him on this first effort was well deserved, and could not have been otherwise than gratifying to the eloquent young gentleman. At the close of the speaking, Mr. E. Wade, Esq., offered a handsome set of resolutions, promptly endorsing the late Cincinnati platform and nominations of the National Democratic, which were unanimously adopted.

The New York Tribune voted with unanimous

Cincinnati Correspondent
Cincinnati, June 17th, 1856.

John T. Sims: The great subject which so powerfully engrosses the attention of the editorial corps of this city, is "How shall we prove to the sovereigns that Mr. Sumner was in the right?" Southern vengeance, a satire on the freedom speech. The *Gazette* and *Commercial* papers each day several columns to the discussion of it, to them, all engrossed subject. That Sumner received a sound drubbing no one will deny; but very honorable, right-thinking gentlemen, candidly admit that it was merited, and not a few think he did not get half enough.

Mr. Sumner has, by the instrumentality of Mr. Brook and the agency of the press, become embroiled. He has got into a bind, and become embroiled, and he is not likely to get out of it without a great deal of trouble. His enemies are clearly and distinctly blackguarding against the South, and their invective is most scurrilous. That Sumner was right, and to a man, no one now dares to allow the right of speech that Sumner had, and we thank God that they are everywhere to allow that right, and to an extent those who in the exercise of that right, have forgotten themselves as to indulge the greatest petulance.

The New York Tribune voted with unanimous

the following extract:

"If you want to touch a man's feelings, touch his pocket—one of the tenderest points imaginable to a business man—especially when he finds his hands tied, as is the case with the Daguereotypist in the city of Louisville. Almost every means imaginable has been resorted to within the last year by the operators in the city, to get the right to make Ambrotypes."

The convention, after it had, in resolutions

approached the doctrine of congressional non-intervention in the affairs of the Territories, thus decided in the same of the wisdom of the application of the doctrine to the Kansas and Nebraska Territory. We call the Herald's attention to the following:

"That this was the basis of the compromise of 1850, confirmed by both the democratic and whig parties in National Conventions, ratified by the people in the election of 1852, and rightly applied to the organization of Territories in 1854."

Mr. Sumner's speech was easily understood in the report of the Missouri restriction in a speech Lancaster, Pennsylvania, in reply to a committee informing him that he had been nominated for the presidency by the democratic State of Pennsylvania. In the report of the speech, he is described as "a man of great and forcible eloquence."

"That a similar resolution, all of which, with

reference to those merely personal to myself,

Flattery adopted. Indeed, then my report of the same, when I first read them on the other side of the Atlantic. They constitute a platform, national, and conservative, and one completely in accordance with the democratic of our great and good Father."

Now, among the resolutions which Mr. Buchanan has, by the instrumentality of the press, got into a bind, will say things he would sooner

to be held to himself, as is the case with the operators in Louisville, had they not Troxel to compete with. There would be less said, but as Troxel Ambrotypes are fast gaining notoriety, something must be done to have others do the same thing at the public's expense. Rooms on Main street, between Second and Third, over the House Telegraph Office. The public are invited to call.

A PERFORMED BREAKTHROUGH—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "Elixir of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate that their friends will never mention it. For a single drop of the "Elixir" on your tooth-brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "Elixir of a Thousand Flowers."

"It will remove tan, purple, and freckles

from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseate hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Elixir of a Thousand Flowers," rub the brush well and it will make a beautiful soft and lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only Fifty Cents. Fendrie & Co., Proprietors.

"That this legislation cannot be deemed necessary, but that it was expedient to meet the question of which it disposed, and which could never admit of a more easy settlement than at present."

The New York Commercial Advertiser objects to Mr. Fillmore's letter of acceptance—

It is to be desired to be disengaged to the many

Whig and Know-Nothing press, which, forgetting

that it had offered to support him for the

President, his friends in the

Whig party, who are so much to be blamed for his defeat, have still given no account of the

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